SOLAR PRO.

Constant Temperature Solar System

What is the solar constant for a planet?

where Sis termed the solar constant for that planet. The table below lists the results from this formula for the four terrestrial planets Mercury, Venus, Earth and Mars. The total energy that is intercepted by the planet is the solar constant times the projected area that the planet presents to the solar radiation.

How do planets' temperatures affect our Solar System?

The planets' temperatures in our solar system are influenced by a myriad of factors, from their distance from the Sun to the composition of their atmospheres. Understanding these temperatures is crucial for scientific research and future space exploration.

Why is it important to know the temperature of a planet?

Understanding the planets' temperatures within our solar system is not just a matter of scientific curiosity; it's a crucial aspect of space exploration and research. The temperature of a planet can tell us a lot about its composition, atmosphere, and potential to support life.

How hot is a planet if it is closer to the Sun?

Generally, the closer a planet is to the Sun, the hotter it tends to be. However, this is not a hard and fast rule, as other factors like atmosphere and axial tilt can significantly influence a planet's temperature. For example, despite being the closest planet to the Sun, Mercury is not the hottest planet in our solar system. Planetary Atmosphere

Why is Venus a colder planet than the Sun?

Planetary surface temperatures tend to get colder the farther a planet is from the Sun. Venus is the exception, as its proximity to the Sun, and its dense atmospheremake it our solar system's hottest planet. The mean temperatures of planets in our solar system are:

What is planetary equilibrium temperature?

The planetary equilibrium temperature is a theoretical temperature that a planet would be if it were in radiative equilibrium, typically under the assumption that it radiates as a black body being heated only by its parent star.

o The surface of Mercury, having little atmosphere, feels the full brunt of the solar furnace. o Venus" thick atmosphere traps and stores the solar heat, giving it the highest surface temperature of ...

OverviewCalculation of equilibrium temperatureCalculation for extrasolar planetsCaveatsSourcesThe planetary equilibrium temperature is a theoretical temperature that a planet would be if it were in radiative equilibrium, typically under the assumption that it radiates as a black body being heated only by its parent star. In this model, the presence or absence of an atmosphere (and therefore any greenhouse effect) is irrelevant, as the equilibrium temperature is calculated purely from a balance with incident stellar energy.



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